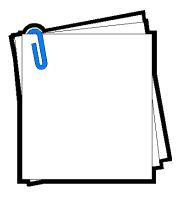
## Packaging and Marking for the Government & DoD



**Defense Contract Management Agency**March 2008

## Location of Packaging Requirements in Solicitations & Contracts

- Part 1, Section A Table of Contents
- Section B Schedule of Supplies & Services
- Section C Specifications
- Section D Packaging & Marking
- Section E Inspection & Acceptance
- Section F Deliveries & Performance
- Attachments
  - CID's (Commercial Item Descriptions)
  - Military or Federal Specifications
  - Aperture Cards & Drawings
  - Special Packaging Instructions
  - Master Solicitations & FAR clauses
  - Product Specifications
  - Military Standard Drawings (MS)
  - Industry Standards (ASTM's)
  - Packaging Requirement Codes



#### ORDER OF PRECEDENCE

The general order of precedence will be:

- 1. Laws and Executive Orders
- 2. Requirements specifically listed in the contract. There is even an order of precedence clause covering which section of the contract takes precedence over other sections. The following clause covers sealed bid contracts and states:

#### 52.214-29 Order of Precedence - Sealed Bidding

Any inconsistency in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order: (a) the schedule (excluding the specifications); (b) representations and other instructions; (c) contract clauses; (d) other documents, exhibits and attachments; and (e) the specifications.

(end of clause)

- 3. Detailed Federal Specifications and Standards.
- 4. General Specifications and Standards
- 5. Normal Commercial Practice.

The terms and conditions of a contract always supersedes a specification unless written changes to the contract have been obtained from the Contracting Officer.

#### **HAZARDOUS MATERIALS**



In addition to Contractual Requirements - MUST be Packaged in accordance with:

- Title 49 CFR for Land
- IMO for Water
- ICAO/ IATA for Air
- AFR 24-204\* for Military Air

\*Joint Regulation: DLAM 4145.3 / TM 38-250 / NAVSUP PUB 505 / MCO P4030.19F

Must be marked in accordance with the Regulations and if specified, MIL-STD-129

In case of conflicting information, Regulations take precedence.

#### Items NOT Going into Stock

SHALL be packaged in accordance with standard commercial practice as defined in ASTM D-3951

(Latest Revision is 98).

Some Items Intended for packaging by ASTM D-3951\* include:

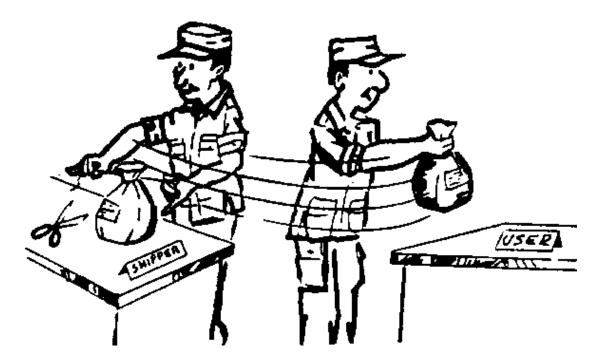
Items Intended for Immediate Use.

Items for Not Mission Capable Supply

Items Intended for Depot Operational Consumption

Small Parcel Shipments (CONUS), Not for Stock.

Direct Vendor Deliveries (CONUS)



<sup>\*</sup> No Longer Requires Marking in Accordance with MIL-STD-129 including Bar Code Markings.

## DOMESTIC or EXPORT Considerations

- The type of goods The Fragility Factor
- Type of carrier Trucks and Trains or Ships and Planes
- Delivery Time Days and Weeks vs. Weeks and Months
- Types of hazards On the Ground vs. On the Water or In the Air
   Extreme Temperatures and Humidity
- Cost factors Handling and Transportation
- Legal restrictions –

Import and Export Documentation
After-sale use (What Happens To the Packaging?)

#### LEVELS OF PROTECTION

#### LEVELS OF PROTECTION

A means of specifying the level of Military Preservation and Packing that a given item requires to ensure that it is not degraded during shipment and storage.

MIL-STD-2073-1d Levels of Preservation are designed to protect an item during shipment, handling, undetermined storage, and distribution to consignees worldwide.

#### Military Levels of Packing

#### LEVEL A

Level "A" is the level of packing required for protection of material against the most severe worldwide conditions known or anticipated to be encountered during shipment, handling and storage.

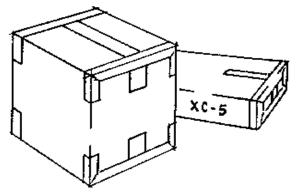
A pack designated Level "A" will be designed, in tandem with the applied preservation, to protect material against direct exposure to extremes of climate, terrain, operational and transportation environments without protection other than provided by a pack in outdoor storage conditions for a minimum of 1 year.

Examples of containers used for Level A packing requirements include, but are not limited to, overseas type wood boxes, and plastic and metal reusable containers.

#### **LEVEL B**

Level "B" is the level of packing required for protection of material under moderate (anticipated) worldwide shipment, handling and storage.

A pack designated Level "B" must be designed, in tandem with the applied preservation, to be capable of protecting material not directly exposed to extremes off climate, terrain, and operational and transportation environments. It must be able to protect material against physical damage and deterioration during favorable conditions of shipment, handling and storage in warehouse conditions for a minimum of 18 months.



Examples of containers used for Level B packing requirements include, but are not limited to, domestic wood crates, weather resistant fiberboard containers, fast pack containers, weather-resistant fiber drums, and weather resistant paper and multi-wall shipping sacks.

## Items Going into the Military Distribution Center

will be packaged in accordance with

#### MIL-STD-2073-1d

dated 15 December 1999 Notice 1 dated 10 May 2002.

#### MIL-STD-2073-1d requirements apply to:

- A. Items expected to enter the military distribution system.
- B. Items delivered during wartime.
- C. Items requiring reusable containers.
- D. Items intended for delivery at sea.

#### \*See contractual requirements

#### **APPENDICES**

- APPENDIX A DEVELOPMENT OF MILITARY PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS
- APPENDIX B FACTORS & FORMULAE ESTABLISHING MILITARY PACKAGING QUP & ICQ
- APPENDIX C CONTAINERS
- APPENDIX D DEVELOPMENT OF MILITARY PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS FOR KITS (PARTS & MODIFICATION)
- APPENDIX E MILITARY PACKAGING DATA FORMS
- APPENDIX F MILITARY PACKAGING DESIGN VALIDATION PROVISIONS
- APPENDIX G QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS
- APPENDIX H PROCEDURES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH CONTAINER DESIGN RETRIEVAL SYSTEM (CDRS) REQUIREMENTS.
- APPENDIX J MILITARY PACKAGING REQUIREMENT CODES

#### FIVE (5) BASIC METHODS OF MILITARY PRESERVATION

NEW METHOD	HEADING	OLD METHOD
10	PHYSICAL PROTECTION	III
20	PRESERVATIVE COATING ONLY	I
30	WATERPROOF PROTECTION	IC
40	WATERVAPORPROOF PROTECTION	IA
50	WATERVAPORPROOF PROTECTION WITH DESICCANT	II

(Formerly Method III)
PHYSICAL PROTECTION

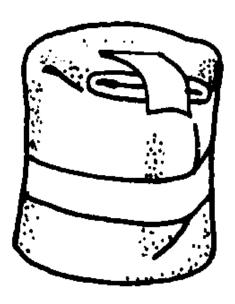
Protection from Physical Damage and Mechanical Malfunction

Types of items to be preserved Method 10:

Plastic, Ceramics, Glass, Painted Metal, Finished Wood Products.

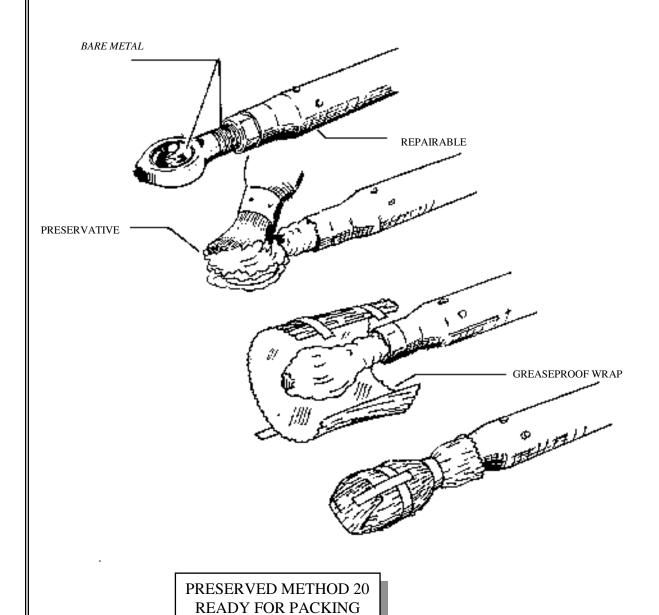


Unpreserved items shall be provided protection from physical damage and mechanical malfunction. Cushioning materials, dunnage, blocking and bracing shall be applied as required to protect the items and the enclosing media and restrict the movement of the item within the container.



(Formerly Method I)

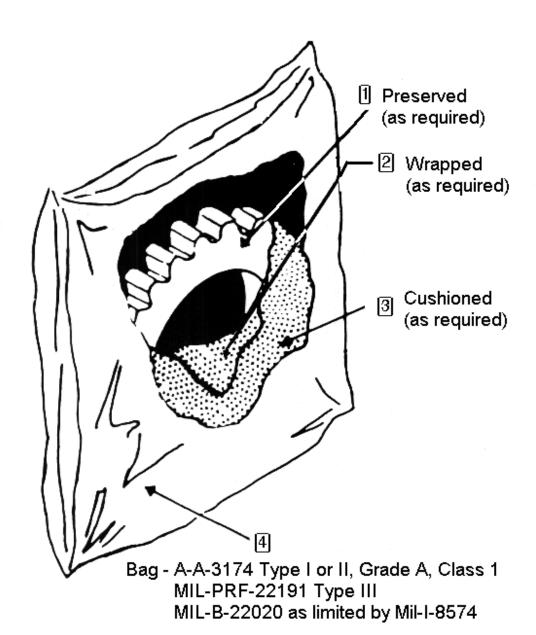
Preservative Coating Only (with greaseproof wrap, as required)



(Formerly Sub-Method IC-3)

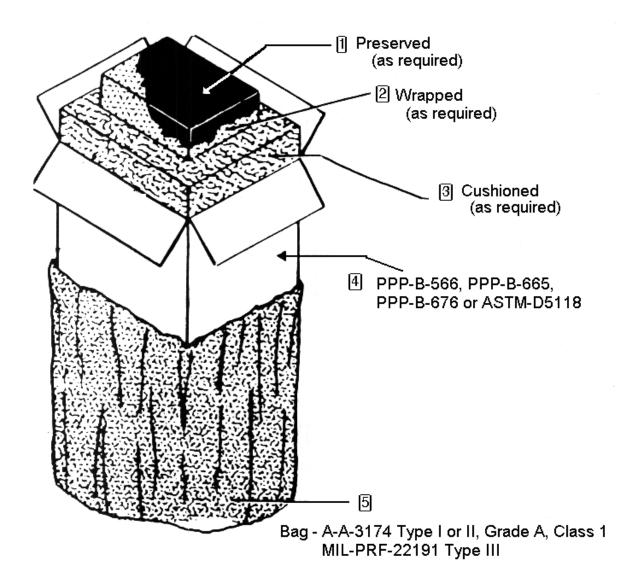
#### WATERPROOF BAG, SEALED

Waterproof Enclosure, with Preservative as Required



(Formerly Sub-Method IC-2)

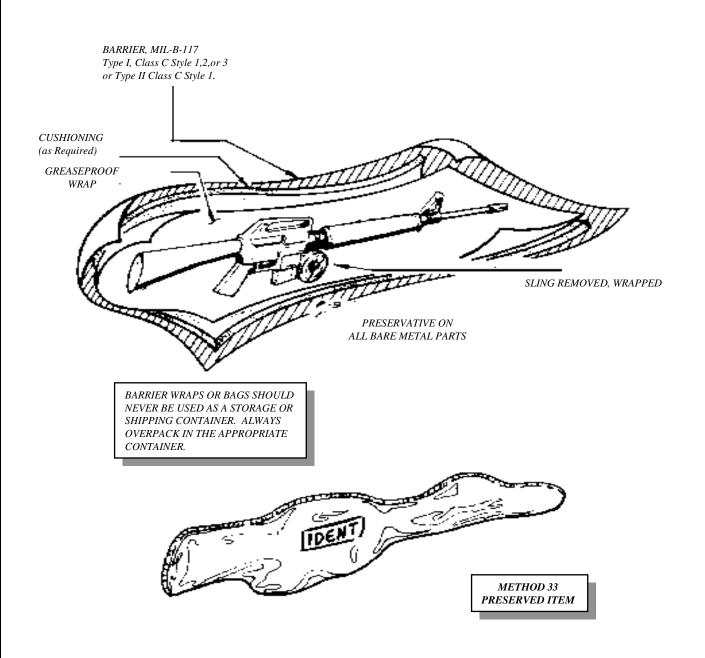
#### CONTAINER, WATERPROOF BAG, SEALED



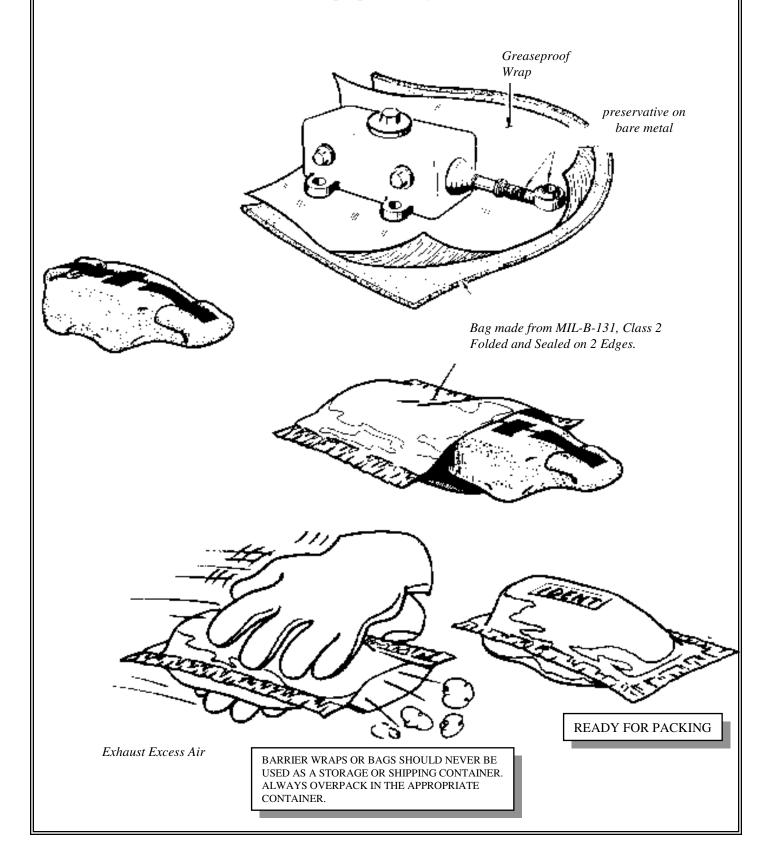
(Formerly Sub-Method IC-1)

#### GREASEPROOF-WATERPROOF BAG, SEALED

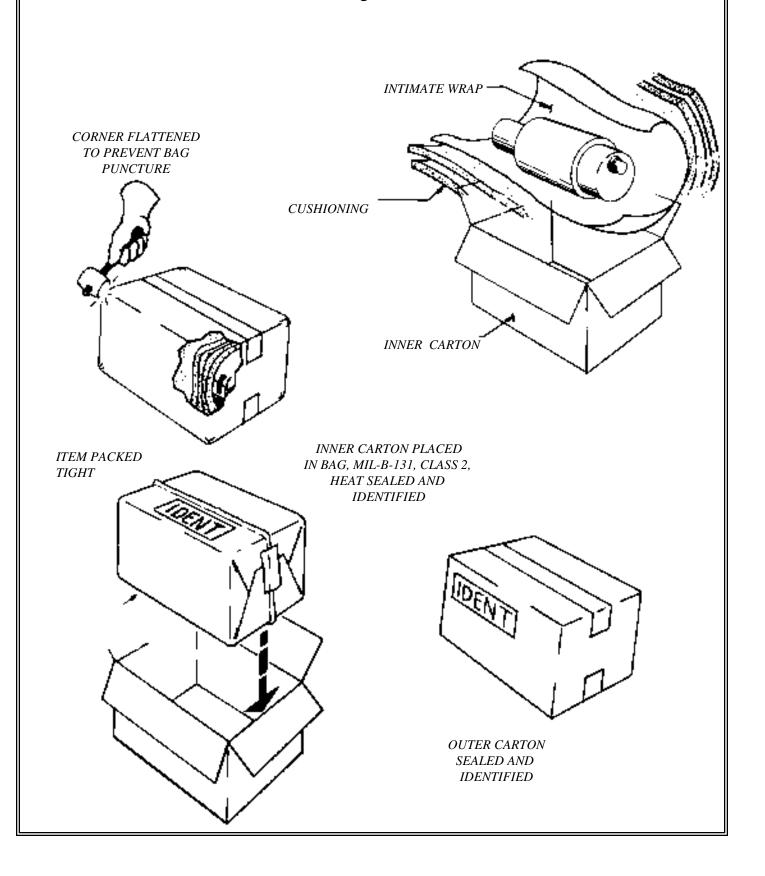
Waterproof or Waterproof-Greaseproof Enclosure, with Preservative as Required



(Formerly Sub-Method IA-8)
Watervaporproof Bag, Sealed

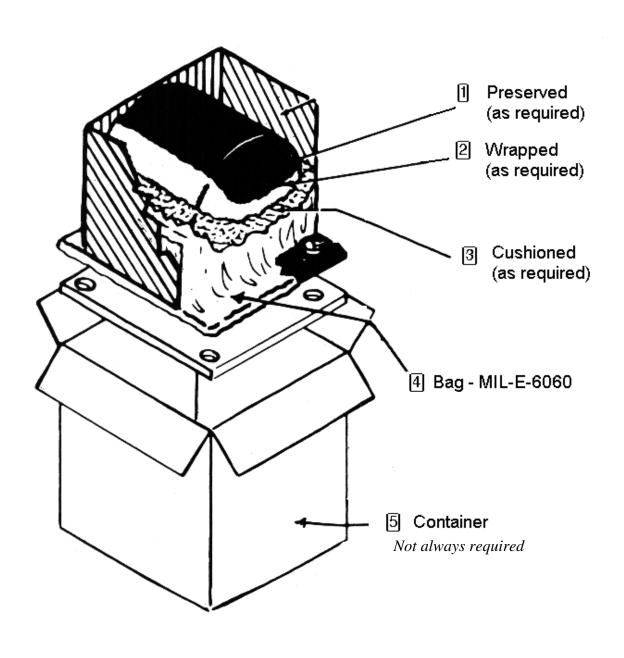


(Formerly Sub-Method IA-14)
Container, Bag, Sealed, Container



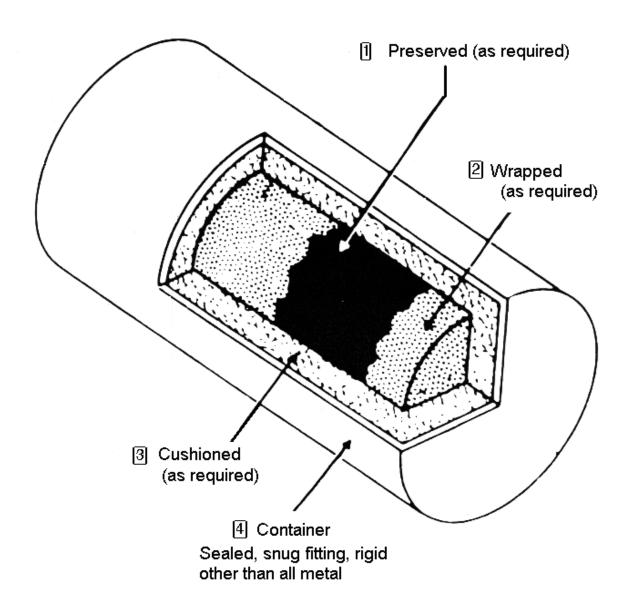
(Formerly Sub-Method IA-16)

#### FLOATING WATERVAPORPROOF BAG, SEALED



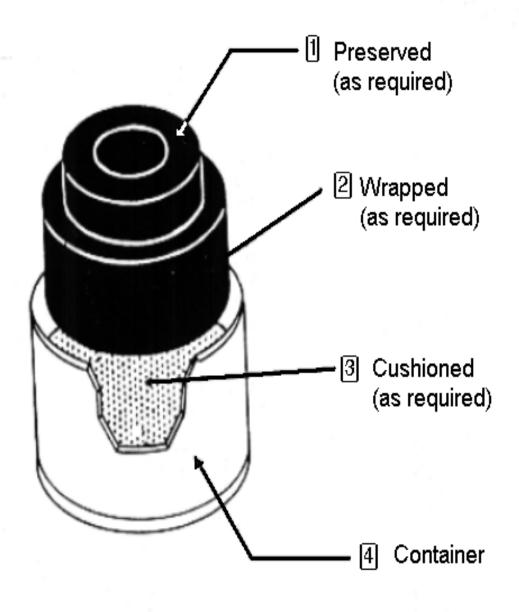
#### Method 44 Rigid Container (other than metal)

(Formerly Sub-Method IA-13)

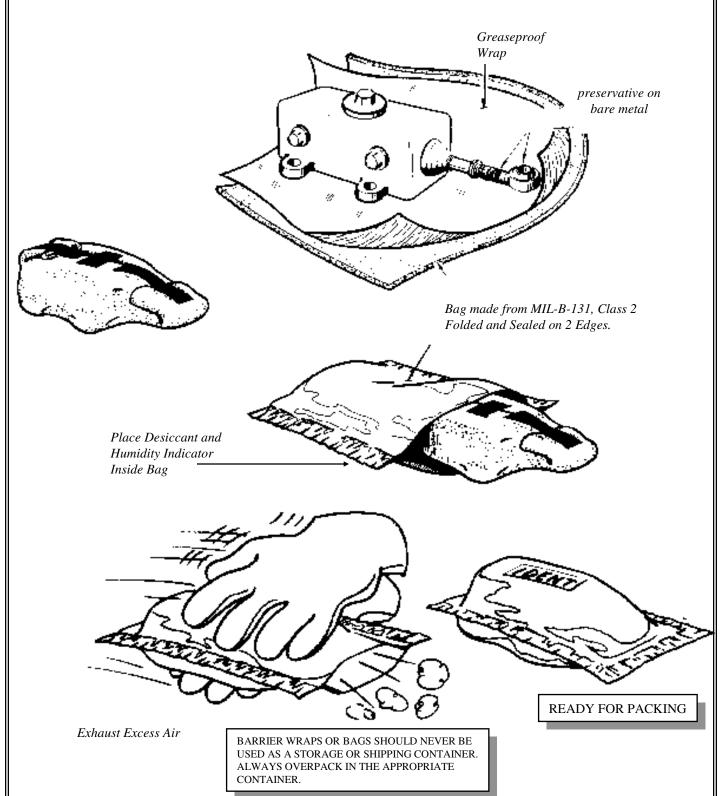


#### Method 45 Rigid Metal Container, Sealed

(Formerly Sub-Method IA-5)



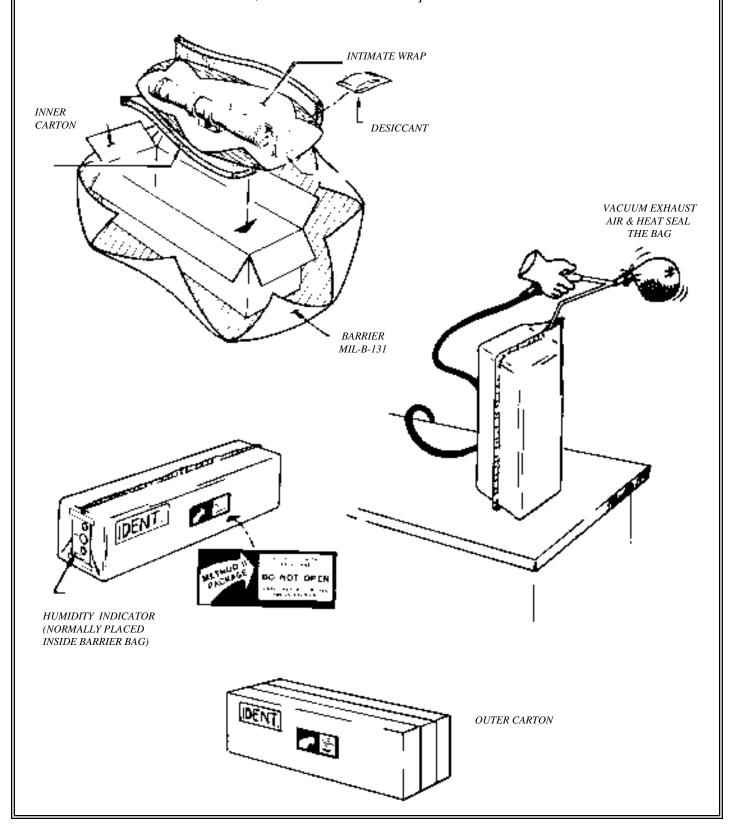
(Formerly Sub-Method bvIIc
Watervaporproof Bag, Sealed
WITH DESICCANT



(Formerly Sub-Method II-B)

#### CONTAINER, WATERVAPORPROOF BAG, SEALED, CONTAINER

Watervaporproof enclosure, with Desiccant, with Preservative as Required



				D-2073-1d		
				rom Orders or Contracts which Specify Packaging		
		accordance with				
CONTRACTOR:		CONTRACT	ΓNUMBER:			
PROCURING OFFICE:		ITEM DESCRIPTION:				
DIGIT	DETAIL	TABLE	CODE	REQUIREMENT		
DIGIT		D = Dangerous	CODE	REQUIRENT		
N/A	Hazardous	N = Not				
	Material	Regulated				
OVID	Quantity per	Page 140				
QUP	Unit Pack	Para J.4.3				
ICQ	Intermediate	Page 141				
	Pack Quantity	Para J.4.11				
	Method of					
1 & 2	Preservation	J.I or J.Ia				
3	Clean / Dry	J.II				
3	Cicaii / Di y	J.11				
	Preservative					
4 & 5	Material	J.III				
	Waterial					
6 9-7	Wasa Matarial	1.137				
6 & 7	Wrap Material	J.IV				
	G 11 1					
8 & 9	Cushioning Material	J.V				
	Material					
10	Cushioning					
10	Thickness	J.VI				
11 & 12	Unit Pack	J.VII				
	Container					
	Intermediate					
13 & 14	Container	J.VII				
UCL	Unit Container	J. VIII				
UCL	Level	3. 1111				
	Optional					
OPI	Procedure	J.VIIIa				
	Indicator					
	Military	J.IX				
	Packing	J.1A				
	Marin 1					
	Minimal Packing	J.IXa				
	1 acking					
	Special	1.37				
	Marking	J.X		23		

#### PACKAGING REQUIREMENT CODES (PRC) - MIL-STD-2073-1d

HM (HAZARDOUS MATERIAL) When the item is regulated by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations or other regulation such as IATA/ICAO or DLAM 4145.3, a code "**D**" will be annotated in this block. When the item is not regulated, a code "**N**" will be annotated although in most cases it is left blank.

#### QUP (QUANTITY PER UNIT PACK)

Para. J.4.3

States the quantity per unit pack in the clear up to 999. BLK will be used for Bulk and ZZZ for Special Requirments listed in supplemental data or drawings

#### ICQ (INTERMEDIATE CONTAINER QUANTITY)

Para J.4.11

When intermediate containers are used, the number of unit packs per intermediate containers up to 100 will be listed in the clear. Other codes may be AAA, XXX or ZZZ.

#### **PRESERVATION**

Table J.I, & J.Ia

Method of Preservation will be a two (2) digit code derived from the tables. Table J.I information is for the preservation methods and submethods established by Para. 5.2.3 Table J.Ia codes are for packaging procedures which are regularly used and require a more detailed description than allowed by the basic code and yet do not require the use of special packaging instructions. Always check the tables in sequence to avoid errors.

#### **CLEANING & DRYING PROCEDURES**

Table J.II

This is a one (1) digit code sometimes shown as CLN/DRY or C/D.

#### PRESERVATIVE MATERIAL

Table J.III

A two (2) digit code. Refers to the type of material to be used to coat the item. Table III lists contact preservative material in alphanumeric order.

WRAPS Table J.IV

A two (2) digit code. This is a listing of what the item will be wrapped in after it has been properly preserved.

#### **CUSHIONING AND DUNNAGE**

Table J.V

A two (2) digit code. Codes listing the cushioning and dunnage material that will be utilized after the item has been wrapped. This material will usually be placed between the wrapped item and the inside of the unit container

#### **CUSHIONING THICKNESS**

Table J.VI

One (1) digit code listing the minimum thickness that is required between the unit and the unit container in any one direction.

#### **UNIT CONTAINER**

Table J.VII

Two (2) digit code listing the type of container into which the item will be placed.

#### INTERMEDIATE CONTAINER

Table J.VII

Two (2) digit code listing the type of container that is to be used if an intermediate container is necessary.

#### UNIT CONTAINER LEVEL

Table J.VIII

One (1) digit:

"O" - Denotes the unit container is not an acceptable shipping container.

"A" or "B" - Denotes if the container is an acceptable shipping container and what the highest level of protection will be afforded by this container.

"D" - No container is required.

"M" - Unit container provides minimal packing protection.

"Z" - Indicates that the container requires special considerations (air only, inside storage only, etc.)

#### OPI (Optional Procedure Indicator)

Table J.VIIIa

"A" is indicated if packaging is in accordance with a specification or a special packaging instruction.

"M" indicates that all packaging data is mandatory for compliance and no substitutions are permitted.

"O" indicates an option can be exercised as to the submethods and packaging materials to used.

#### MILITARY PACKING

Table J.IX

One (1) digit code. Indicates the type of shipping container for MILITARY packing.

#### MINIMAL PACKING

Table J.Ixa

One (1) digit code. Indicates the type of shipping container for Minimal packing.

#### SPECIAL MARKINGS

Table J.X

Two (2) digit code. If more than one code or a combination of codes not included in the table must be specified, "ZZ" will be annotated which indicates that supplemental data is listed elsewhere.

Some contracts will show the following information:

#### UNIT PACK WEIGHT

Five (5) digit numerical code. It shows the actual unit pack weight in the clear to the nearest on tenth of a pound. The decimal point does not show.

#### **UNIT PACK SIZE**

LGTH WDTH DPTH

Four (4)digit numerical code. This code shows the outside dimensions in the clear to the nearest tenth of an inch in the order of length, width and depth (or height). The decimal points do not show. (Example:  $0035 = 3 \frac{1}{2}$ ")

#### UNIT PACK CUBE

WH CUB 1000th

Four (4) digit code for the whole cube and three ( digits in the 1000th column. These numbers indicate the actual cube of the unit pack to the nearest one thousandth of a cubic foot up to 9,999.999 cubic feet.

#### https://www.icptarp.net/p700.nsf

#### Mil-Std-2073

Paragraph 5.7 Quality Assurance Provisions. Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the contractor is responsible for the performance of all quality assurance requirements as specified in Appendix G

## Quality Assurance Provisions Appendix G

**Preservation Inspections** 

**Visual Preservation Examinations** 

Leakage Test

Vacuum Retention Technique Submersion or Immersion Technique Pneumatic Pressure Technique Hot Water Technique Squeeze Technique

Heat Sealed Seam Test

## Preservation Inspection Provisions Table G.1

Some of the included visual inspection is for:

- Item contaminated by handling after cleaning.
- Contaminated wiping cloths or compressed air used.
- Preservative not as specified.
- Excessive Preservative.
- Wrap not as specified.
- Cushioning material or thickness not as specified.
- Interior unit container corners not blunted.
- Excessive looseness in unit container.
- Weight & cube of unit pack exceeds maximum allowable.
- Incorrect QUP
- Marking omitted, incorrect or illegible.

When a box or container is used to effect the unit pack of Method 31, 32, 41 and 51, unit pack markings of MIL-STD-129 shall be applied to the barrier bag as well as the box specified to effect the unit pack.

#### **PACKAGE MARKINGS**

#### Four types of Basic Markings

#### 1. Identification Marking

NSN - (National Stock Number)

CAGE Code and PN - (Part #)

Nomenclature

Quantity and unit of issue

Contract number (on unit & intermediate containers)

Military Method and date of unit pack preservation

Shelf Life Information (if applicable)

Serial Numbers (if applicable)

Gross Weight (on exterior containers)

#### 2. Bar Code Markings

NSN (& Serial Number) for unit and intermediate packs NSN, Contract number, CAGE, CLIN, Shipment Number (& Serial Number) on exterior shipping containers

#### 3. Address Markings

Uses Military Shipping Label (MSL).

Transportation Control Number (TCN), DODAAC of Ultimate Consignee, and Piece Number must be bar coded when shipment is destined into the Defense Transportation System 2D Bar Coding of MSL Information, TCMD data and line item supply data.

#### 4. Special Markings

Hazardous Material
Set Marking, Project Code
Warranty, Manufactured, Cured or Assembled Date
Expiration, Inspection or Pack Date
Arrows, Fragile, Special Handling, etc.
UID and RFID

## Unit & Intermediate Container Label Example.



291004567416

2910-00-456-7416 CAGE 57685 PN 341 CARBURETOR 1 EA DAA625-03-C-1056 M41 02/08

MFD DATE 01/08 EXP DATE 01/09 SER NO 1157





#### Exterior Container Label Example.





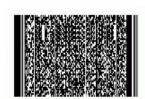




2910-00-456-7416 **CAGE 57685** PN 341 3 EA DAA625-07-M-1056 M41 02/08WT 30







#### Military Shipping Label (MSL)

Sample - CONUS Shipment



The label contains Address Markings

### The 2D Bar Code contains Address Markings and Inventory Control Information

FOB Destination TCN uses letter "X" and the five digit CAGE Code, Four Digit Julian Date, first letter of the company name, last three digits of Shipment Number from DD 250, Suffix Number, Partial Shipment Code and Split Shipment Code (Usually "XXX")

- Shelf-life
- Project Code
- Fragile/ Delicate
- Method 50
- Expedited Handling
- Hazardous Materials



#### Shelf-life

 Shown below identification data on unit, intermediate and exterior containers

- TYPE I (non-extendable):
  MFD DATE 10/01
  EXP DATE 10/06
- TYPE II (extendable):

  ASSEMBLED DATE 10/01
  INSP/TEST DATE 10/04
- RUBBER or ELASTOMER (TYPE I OR II):
  CURED DATE 4Q01
  INSP/TEST DATE 4Q05

Project Code



Special Handling







Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitive



**Unit Pack** 



Intermediate and Exterior Pack

### **Expedited Handling**





NSN 7540-00-139-4835 5084-102 OPTIONAL FORM 84 (REV. 2-84) PREVIOUS EDITION NOT USABLE

#### **DOT Hazardous Materials**

- Proper Shipping Name
- **UN Number**
- Hazard Labels



#### **UN Performance Specification**

Example of a Single or Combination Marking:



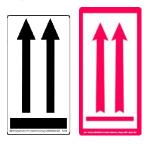
#### 4G / Y 7.4/ S /99/USA /DOD

- (a) The United Nations Symbol
- (b) Type of Packaging Code
- (c) Packing Group:
  - X = PG I, II and III Y = PG II and IIIZ = PG III Only
  - Maximum Gross Mass (In Kilograms)
- Letter "S" , Solid or Inner Packagings
- (f) Year of Manufacture or assembly
- (g) State (Country) authorizing mark
  (h) Symbol of Manufacturer/Certifier

#### Cargo Aircraft Only Label



#### Package Orientation Marking



## Unique Item Identification (UID) of Parts

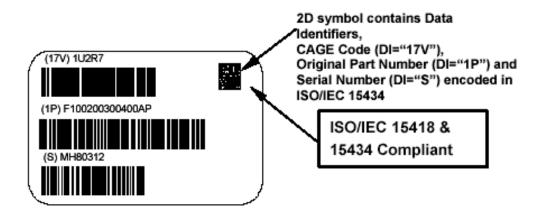


FIGURE 2.c Example of Label with Linear and Data Matrix Using Construct #2 for New Item

DFARS Clause 252.211-7003 Item Identification and Valuation Mandated to be in all solicitations where it will apply as of January 1, 2004. Mandatory requirement—no exceptions or waivers.

UID is required for items valued at \$5000 or more, or otherwise specifically required in the contract.

Remember to mark the UID Serial Number placed on the outside of the Unit, Intermediate and Exterior Pack per MIL-STD-129P(3).

www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/UID/

# Radio Frequency Identification RFID (Passive)



- 252.211-7006
- Latest Revision Dated 12 February 2007
- Class 1 Generation 2 tags only after 1 Mar 2007.
- Currently cases/pallets shipped from suppliers eventually UID items
- Captures Shipment/order data

Official Website www.dodrfid.org

Contains Policy, Business Rules, Implementation Plan and Supplier Guide

# Radio Frequency Identification RFID (Passive)

- Create Number:
  - Size of Tag, 64 or 96 Bit
  - Type of Object Case, Pallet or UID Item
  - CAGE Prime or 3<sup>rd</sup> Party
  - Serial Number up to 16,522,293 or 68,719,476,736
- Converted to Binary Code, then
   Hexadecimal and Electronically Placed on
   Tag
- Input "Hex" Number in WAWF Advanced Shipping Notice (ASN)
- Hex Number must be exactly 16, 24, 32, or 64 Characters in Length.